1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
2	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION				
3	RESPONDENT . DEBRA M. BACON .	C.A. NO. H-05-3849 HOUSTON, TEXAS			
4	VS	HOODIGH, TELEB			
5	MOVANT .				
6 7	CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS INC formerly known as . Salomon Smith Barney Inc	SEPTEMBER 8, 2010 10:00 A.M. to 11:26 A.M.			
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9	TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING BEFORE THE HONORABLE LYNN N. HUGHES UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE				
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11					
12	APPEARANCES:				
13	FOR THE RESPONDENT:	MR. DANIEL R. KIRSHBAUM			
14		Axelrod Smith & Kirshbaum 5300 Memorial			
15		Suite 700 Houston, Texas 77007			
16		MR. BRADEN W. SPARKS			
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18		Suite 800 Dallas, Texas 75225			
19					
20	FOR THE MOVANT:	MR. ANDREW R. HARVIN			
21		MS. N. KIMBERLY HOESL Doyle, Restrepo, Harvin &			
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24	Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography, transcript				
25	produced by computer-aided trans	cription.			

1		APPEARANCES	CONTINUED	
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3	OFFICIAL COURT	REPORTER:	MS. KATHY L. MET U.S. Courthouse 515 Rusk	
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PROCEEDINGS 1 2 THE COURT: Thank you. Be seated. 3 Good morning. MR. KIRSHBAUM: Good morning, Your Honor. 4 5 MR. HARVIN: Good morning, Your Honor. 6 THE COURT: Mr. Sparks, is it Bacon's position that she stands by all the representations in the record, about her 7 8 representations about what's in the record? MR. SPARKS: I'm not sure I understand your question, 9 Your Honor. 10 11 THE COURT: If Mr. Harvin can point out factual 12 recitations presented by Bacon that are not contained in the record, then Bacon would concede she has done something 13 14 seriously wrong? 15 MR. SPARKS: Your Honor, I'm not sure I understand the 16 Court's question. I don't believe -- I'm not aware of anything 17 that Bacon has alleged or that I've alleged on Bacon's part --18 THE COURT: I have a question. My question is: Bacon stand by the factual recitations about what is in the 19 20 arbitration record that are made in her papers? 21 MR. SPARKS: Bacon stands by her pleadings and her references to the record. 22 23 THE COURT: All right. Would you show me where the 24 panel says it relied on New York law? 25 MR. SPARKS: There's no reference by the panel to that

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Honor, I'm sorry.

effect, but the contract between the parties is a New York contract and that's in the record. I believe it was Exhibit No. 7, Your Honor. I identified that many times in my papers. THE COURT: Well, that's slightly different from saying that the panel said something about relying on it, isn't it? MR. SPARKS: I believe it's Document No. 7, Exhibit 38. Your Honor, what I've said all along is that the record supports the inference that the panel applied New York law because there is a contract in the record that is a New York law, that says that New York law applies. THE COURT: Well, Mr. Sparks, the problem here is that Citigroup -- is that still its name? MR. HARVIN: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. There's been a lot of aliases and things adopted here in the last couple of years. Citigroup says that there are things in the record that contradict the decision and there are things relied on that are not in the record or not relevant, roughly. That's not what it said, but that a contract that calls for New York law is -- in the record does not mean they're relying on it. Now, that's -- but the problem here is the reasonable suspicion of Citigroup that the decision here was arbitrary.

MR. SPARKS: I didn't understand that last word, Your

THE COURT: Arbitrary. It's not your hearing. 1 It's 2 my mumbling. The fact that Bacon received no benefit from the 3 funds, how did she receive no benefit from the funds? 4 5 MR. SPARKS: Your Honor, I don't believe I've ever argued that she received no benefit from the funds. What I've 6 7 argued is that the record supports an inference that the panel 8 could rationally have concluded that she had no control over the funds, that she did not personally exercise control over 9 the funds, that she had --10 11 THE COURT: That's what happens when you let other people do it, isn't it? I'm more interested just in the 12 concept that she had no benefit. It was her business. 13 14 MR. SPARKS: I think what the evidence -- what the 15 record shows, Your Honor, is that there were over \$900,000 in 16 damages that the panel could have found. 17 THE COURT: No, I'm sorry, we're going to talk about what I want to talk about. 18 19 MR. SPARKS: I'm trying to, Your Honor. I apologize. THE COURT: Was she an officer of the business? 20 21 MR. SPARKS: Yes, sir. THE COURT: Is she a part owner of the business? 22 23 MR. SPARKS: Yes, sir. 24 THE COURT: Was she a partner of the other person 25 involved in the business?

MR. SPARKS: I'm not sure if she was a partner, Your 1 Honor, but I just don't recall from the record. I think she 2 3 was an officer in the entity. THE COURT: Well, no, not -- I didn't ask if she was a 4 5 partner in the entity. She was a partner of the other principal in the business, her husband. Isn't that true? 6 7 MR. SPARKS: I suppose one could arrive at that conclusion, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Where were they domiciled? 9 MR. SPARKS: I believe they were domiciled in North 10 Carolina. 11 12 THE COURT: That's my recollection. MR. HARVIN: South Carolina, I believe. 13 14 THE COURT: Same thing. And I take it it's not a community property state? 15 16 MR. HARVIN: I'm not exactly sure. 17 THE COURT: We'll know in a minute. 18 All of the money that had been invested in the business by either of the Bacons had come from property that 19 20 had been earned during the marriage? MR. SPARKS: Your Honor, without going back and 21 looking at the record, I couldn't aver to the Court that that's 22 true, but it certainly stands to reason. 23 24 THE COURT: Well, my recollection is that both of them had good jobs and when they took retirement, they took their --

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that's my recollection, but that's my recollection.
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             MR. SPARKS:
                          That's true.
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             THE COURT: And they earned it in Texas, right?
             MR. SPARKS: Well, I'm not sure. No, I don't believe
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    they did earn it in Texas, because there was a pizza business
    in South Carolina, as I recall.
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             THE COURT: That's not what they retired from.
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             MR. SPARKS: Well, her retirement funds were from her
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    employment with, I believe, with BP.
             THE COURT: And his were from something similar,
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    weren't they?
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             MR. SPARKS: And hers were exempt as were her
    retirement funds and they were in her sole and separate
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    retirement account.
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             THE COURT: They were earned during the existence of
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    the marriage.
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             MR. SPARKS: Your Honor, I honestly don't know whether
    they were earned during the pendency of the marriage or not.
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             THE COURT: How long were they married?
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             MR. SPARKS: I don't recall.
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             THE COURT: Do you recall?
             MR. SPARKS: Probably about 20 years, 20 or 25.
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             THE COURT: And what was the face value of the
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    disputed transactions?
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             MR. SPARKS: The checks were -- the face value of the
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checks were \$218,000. 1 2 THE COURT: And what was the amount of damages claimed 3 by Bacon? MR. SPARKS: There was testimony over -- by three 4 5 witnesses over several hours regarding what could be construed And I think the issue is --6 as damages. 7 THE COURT: Well, now, wait. Tell me what that means. What could be construed? 8 MR. SPARKS: Well, I think the issue, Your Honor, is 9 whether -- is what the panel reasonably may have --10 THE COURT: No, sir, I'm asking you a question. 11 12 MR. SPARKS: I'm trying to answer it. THE COURT: No, you're not. I want to know what her 13 14 damages were. Don't tell me that it's something that Oprah 15 would have thought were damages or the panel thought were damages. What harm did she suffer besides the loss of the 16 funds? 17 MR. SPARKS: There was testimony in the record that 18 she and her husband lost \$515,000, approximately, in business 19 20 losses. There was testimony --21 THE COURT: Well, wait. What does that have to do with the checks? 22 23 MR. SPARKS: There was testimony that there was 24 \$360,000 lost from Randall's misuse of accounts at Salomon 25 Smith Barney. \$218,000 of that was the checks in issue.

THE COURT: 1 280? 2 MR. SPARKS: 218. 218. THE COURT: \$218,000 of unauthorized withdrawals? 3 MR. SPARKS: There's testimony that there was --4 5 THE COURT: Wait, wait. Is that right? MR. SPARKS: \$218,000 of unauthorized withdrawals that 6 7 were the subject of the arbitration, yes, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Okay. There were other unauthorized 9 MR. SPARKS: withdrawals. 10 11 THE COURT: Okay. But that's not part of the arbitration. 12 MR. SPARKS: It was in the record, yes, sir. 13 14 THE COURT: A man in a car wreck that is arbitrated 15 could have had other accidents, couldn't he? But if they're not part of the arbitration, they're not -- can't be part of 16 17 the damages. Louisiana is the easternmost community property 18 state. Texas would be next. 19 Explain to me how Smith Barney is responsible on 20 an arbitration under that account for losses in the business, 21 which you mentioned 518 or five hundred and some odd thousand 22 dollars of losses in the business. 23 24 MR. SPARKS: I believe those losses preceded what 25 happened with Smith Barney. I don't believe Smith Barney is --

in my personal view, I don't believe Smith Barney is 1 2 responsible for those losses. 3 THE COURT: So, why did Bacon present evidence about those losses, unless it's just background? 4 5 MR. SPARKS: Because I believe it's rationally 6 inferable from the facts, Your Honor, that the panel could have 7 concluded that the damages were in excess of the \$218,000. 8 THE COURT: How? How? MR. SPARKS: By looking at the damages that were in 9 the record, including the \$360,000 in the property settlement 10 agreement of divorce that included the \$218,000, by looking at 11 12 the \$82,000 in additional taxes and penalties that they had to pay as a result of the withdrawal of the 218,000, by looking at 13 \$36,000 in interest, as well as the 515,000, Your Honor. 14 15 THE COURT: Well, the interest -- the lost interest, ignore that, because that's -- that only makes you whole for 16 17 the 218. If somebody else has your 218 for a couple of years, 18 you get the interest. 19 How is a loss on other things a loss on this account? 20 MR. SPARKS: Well, I think the issue before the panel, 21 22 Your Honor, if I may answer it in that manner, the question is whether or not the panel could have allocated if the conclusion 23 24 is that Texas law applied. And I believe that the panel could

have allocated if they concluded that \$218,000 was the

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responsibility of Salomon Smith Barney, but that Randall had 2 either used those moneys or had created other losses or caused, I should say, other losses to Mrs. Bacon, as indicated by the property settlement agreement which indicated \$360,000 worth of 4 damages. And just on that basis alone, it could be --THE COURT: So, by a post-train wreck agreement, the 7 malefactor, Randall Bacon, I'm assuming, can agree with his victim, I'm assuming, to increase Smith Barney's responsibility? Is that what you're telling me? MR. SPARKS: No, sir. 10 THE COURT: Well, that sounds like what you just told 11 12 me. MR. SPARKS: No, sir. What I'm saying is that it's a 13 14 rational inference that the panel could have allocated the \$218,000 out of \$360,000, that the property settlement agreement indicated that Randall was responsible for by 16 17 misusing the Smith Barney accounts. 18 THE COURT: Counsel, you cannot do that. I don't 19 recall this argument from before. That an after the fact agreement between the wrongdoer and the victim for alternative purposes increases the liability for wrongful dishonor. 21 Make it a simple transaction. This was a wrongful honoring. 22 23 MR. SPARKS: Well, I don't agree with the Court's 24 statement of the sequence of events or the legal principles,

with all do respect, Your Honor. I think it's you have a

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property settlement agreement between a husband and wife in
which they agree that he misused her accounts and that that
resulted in $360,000 in damages. She then brings an
arbitration against Salomon Smith Barney.
         THE COURT: I know those facts, counsel. Stick to the
point.
       Tell me what law. First, you disagree with my
chronology. Randall takes money out of the account.
         MR. SPARKS: No, I don't disagree that Randall took
money out of the account, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: All right. After that it went into the
          The business failed, the next thing that happened;
business.
is that right?
         MR. SPARKS: I can't address the relationship between
when the business failed candidly, Your Honor, because I'm not
sure that some of those damages hadn't already occurred.
believe that many of the business damages had already occurred
before that.
         THE COURT: As an economic proposition the business
had probably failed a year before. But as a functional matter,
when did the business close?
         MR. SPARKS: I don't know, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: It was after the checks; is that right?
         MR. SPARKS: That's probably true, yes, Your Honor.
         THE COURT: And then when was the divorce petition?
         MR. SPARKS: I would have to look, Your Honor.
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don't know.
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             THE COURT: But it was after the business closed?
             MR. SPARKS: Yes -- well, it was after the checks were
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   written and she discovered that they had been forged.
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   know if that was before or after the business closed.
             THE COURT: When was the arbitration in relation to
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    the divorce?
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             MR. SPARKS: After the divorce, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: And was the contract -- after the divorce
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   was finished.
                   So, the contract is before the arbitration?
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             MR. SPARKS: Which contract are you referring to, Your
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   Honor?
             THE COURT: The contract between husband and wife
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    allocating --
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             MR. SPARKS:
                          The property settlement agreement?
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             THE COURT: Whatever --
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             MR. SPARKS: That's what the name of the document that
    they used to settle their property settlement disputes in
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    divorce was called the property settlement agreement.
             THE COURT: And where did they get divorced?
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                                                           In South
    Carolina?
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             MR. SPARKS: I believe so, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Do you know?
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             MR. HARVIN: I believe that's right, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: All right. The chronology seems to be
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just what I said. There's a train wreck where Randall takes 1 2 money out of the account. There's a divorce by which Randall and Bacon agree on what all of these damages were. 3 MR. SPARKS: Well, that's not quite accurate, Your 4 5 They agreed that there was \$360,000 in funds that were wrongfully taken by Randall from Debra's accounts. 6 clear, as I recall, which accounts it was and they didn't 7 8 discuss the \$218,000 that were removed by forgery and, of course, Salomon Smith Barney --9 THE COURT: How were the others wrongfully taken if 10 11 the 218 was by forgery? MR. SPARKS: Well, the record indicates that they were 12 wrongfully taken by Randall, but it is not specific as to how 13 14 it happened. 15 THE COURT: No, I'm sorry, by the record, you mean the 16 consensual arrangement between the spouses? 17 MR. SPARKS: By the record, Your Honor, I mean the 18 record in the arbitration that includes the property settlement 19 agreement that discusses the issues. THE COURT: Is there any evidence of what that 20 21 wrongful taking consists of other than the agreement? 22 MR. SPARKS: I don't believe that there is, but the agreement says that it was wrongfully taken from the accounts. 23 24 THE COURT: And we're back to what I said. After the 25 train wreck, the two people involved in the train wreck get

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together and agree on an amount of damages which then Bacon says a third party owes. There is no fact in the agreement. There is a conclusion that he confesses to. But there's nothing to indicate that money ever came out of the account in which the claim was being arbitrated. Yes, sir. MR. SPARKS: I'm not sure that that's an accurate --THE COURT: But tell me where it is, counsel. MR. SPARKS: Well, I think where it is is that the accounts, I believe -- it's been a long time, Your Honor, and I apologize, but it's been a long time since I looked at that property settlement agreement. I think I may have a copy here. But as I recall, to the best of my recollection, there was a property settlement agreement that specified the accounts, the names and numbers on the accounts. THE COURT: That's not what you just told me a minute ago, and I don't recall ever having read it, but if I had, I would have forgotten by now. You told me there was no recitation in there. It was just a statement about they agreed on these losses. MR. SPARKS: I apologize, Your Honor. There was no statement --THE COURT: Mr. Harvin, do you know whether it's in there?

MR. SPARKS: Your Honor, there was no statement as to

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exactly how it was wrongfully taken. There was a statement that it was wrongfully taken. I don't remember the exact terms of art, but it was to the effect that he abused her accounts or misused the money in her accounts or wrongfully took the money. The account numbers I believe were listed. They were her The total was \$360,000. There was nothing in the accounts. property settlement agreement that discussed the fact that \$218,000 of that was from forgeries, but there is no way to say that it is clear from that property settlement agreement that that \$360,000 did not come from the accounts that were discussed in arbitration and there is a lot of --THE COURT: Well, other than the withdrawals presented were the 218. MR. SPARKS: The only forged withdrawals were the 218. THE COURT: But before you can't prove something by saying, okay -- you're like the prosecutor who says, well, we proved he robbed this bank, so there are another nine robbed banks that we don't know what happened, so he must have done Do you know whether there was anything --MR. HARVIN: I believe that Mr. Sparks' recitation about the settlement agreement is correct. But at the arbitration hearing, and it was conceded by all parties, that the amount of the unauthorized checks were 218,000. I do know that Mr. Bacon, Randall Bacon, agreed in the settlement agreement to repay a sum of \$360,000, but there was no evidence

that any sum more than \$218,000 was withdrawn improperly by any 1 2 unauthorized withdrawal. MR. SPARKS: I would disagree with that last part, 3 Your Honor, because while it was true that there was nothing in 4 5 the property settlement agreement that indicated that more 6 than -- well, that any amount other than \$360,000 was improperly withdrawn, I don't believe there was any description 7 8 as to how it was withdrawn. I think what happened at the arbitration is that everybody agreed that there was 214,000 --9 \$218,000 in forged instruments and everybody agreed that that's 10 what the arbitration was about. But I don't think that 11 12 constrains the panel from considering other damages that they may have felt Randall was responsible for. 13 14 THE COURT: It's not about feelings, counsel. It's about a contract. 15 MR. SPARKS: Your Honor, if the issue is whether or 16 17 not the panel --18 THE COURT: What does Texas law say about forgery? What are the damages for forgery? 19 MR. SPARKS: Well, I apologize, Your Honor, but I 20 21 don't know -- I believe that the amount of damages -- I don't know. I can't --22 MR. HARVIN: Well, 4.406 of the Texas Business and 23 24 Commerce Code says that it's the amount of the unauthorized 25 withdrawal provided there has been timely notice given to the

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bank.
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             THE COURT: I know about your defenses, but you don't
    get emotional distress.
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             MR. HARVIN: No, and none of that was ever pled for.
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             THE COURT: Business opportunities you might get
    interest on, like any other pecuniary --
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             MR. HARVIN: Perhaps.
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             THE COURT: -- amount.
             MR. SPARKS: Well, my point, Your Honor, is I believe
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    that the testimony at the hearing involved all withdrawals.
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    Randall was present. He testified about it.
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             THE COURT: How much is collusive corroboration with
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   no specifics worth? That's not evidence.
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             MR. SPARKS: I believe it is, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: I know you believe it is.
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             MR. SPARKS: Yes, sir.
             THE COURT:
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                         That wasn't the question.
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             MR. SPARKS: Yes, sir.
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             THE COURT: You have no specifics. It wasn't pleaded.
    And it's not recoverable when you claim -- you've got to prove
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    the wrongful withdrawal. And at no point in the arbitration
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    were there drafts identified and presented and the dates so
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    that whatever defenses could apply.
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             MR. SPARKS: There was testimony, Your Honor, I
    believe, about the other losses. There certainly was a
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property settlement agreement in the record that could
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    consider --
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             THE COURT: Counsel --
             MR. SPARKS: Yes, sir.
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             THE COURT: -- we have discussed the property
    settlement agreement. It is evidence of an understanding
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    reached after the fact between two parties to solve their
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    differences. It is not a fact about banking practices two
    vears earlier.
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             MR. SPARKS: Well, Your Honor, I would respectfully
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    disagree with the facts.
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             THE COURT: Quit saying that. You're paid to disagree
    when I say something that's averse to your client. Just tell
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    me what the better fact or reasoning is.
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             MR. SPARKS: Well, I believe that the property
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    settlement agreement has facts that the panel could have
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    considered.
                 I believe that the statements in there are facts.
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             THE COURT: Well, they're facts of the assertion,
    counsel, and they're a binding term between the parties, but
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    it's not original data.
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                  Mr. Harvin, do you have the agreement handy?
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             MR. HARVIN: I do not, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: Do we think it's somewhere in the volumes
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    of the record?
             MR. HARVIN: Oh, yes, sir.
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THE COURT: Anybody have an idea where?
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             MR. SPARKS: Where it is in the record, Your Honor?
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             THE COURT:
                         Yes.
             MR. SPARKS: I know it was in the record, because the
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    entire arbitration record was placed before the Court, but I
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    can't tell you exactly where, I'm sorry.
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             MR. HARVIN: We can locate it and give you a cite.
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             THE COURT: How long is it?
             MR. SPARKS: It's not long. It's about five or six
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   pages.
             THE COURT: Apparently it's an exhibit to 7, so she'll
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    go get it.
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                          Thank you.
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             MR. HARVIN:
             MR. SPARKS: Your Honor, is it all right if I sit down
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    while she's getting it?
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             THE COURT: Yes, sir.
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                  Actually Wisconsin is the community property
                 It's more easterly than Louisiana by about half.
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    state next.
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                  All right. Mr. Harvin, do you have anything you
    want to direct my attention to or correct?
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             MR. HARVIN: Nothing other than on the -- well, I may
   be just repeating what Your Honor already knows from the
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             I think our position is well-set out in the papers.
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   believe that this has been an effort to rewrite the case
    under -- in certain circumstances a new record and under a new
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law, New York law, in order to avoid the responsibility of the 1 2 panel to apportion liability and I --3 THE COURT: Well, what's New York law say? MR. HARVIN: What does New York law say? 4 5 THE COURT: Yes. 6 MR. HARVIN: The New York law provides, as Mr. Sparks has briefed, that in the event that the bank is -- there's 7 8 liability against the bank for the failure to review the signatures and there's essentially strict liability with no 9 need to apportion responsibility and that's why this New York 10 law has been brought forth for the first time at this stage in 11 12 the proceedings. But it was never pled. It was never argued. It was never presented to the panel. And, in fact, the 13 14 claimant in this case specifically pled Texas law and the 15 Business and Commerce Code, which we presented defenses under. With respect to the various numbers, it's our 16 17 position that the \$218,000 is the only figure that was 18 presented as a principal loss in the arbitration. I will not 19 repeat what the Court has obviously analyzed with respect to 20 the settlement agreement, but this idea that there was \$900,000 21 potential liability is just off the charts. It was never mentioned in the hearing. It includes \$515,000 in business 22 23 losses that the Bacons had without regard to Smith Barney's 24 involvement that they willingly assumed. 25 And then there is this hypothetical damage model

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that the panel arrived at a \$478,000 number and then allocated it 55/45 split and there's no support for that number in the first place. That number is never mentioned in the record. And the 55/45 split doesn't even get you to \$218,000. you to different numbers, as we briefed. So, we believe that that there is a serious misrepresentation of the record. 7 And I need to point out to Your Honor that as a result of what we tried to point out to Bacon's counsel, that

three of the statements were withdrawn, but they stuck to the New York law statement. They stuck to the idea that there were these various hypothetical damage models for which there's nothing in the record to support and we just couldn't allow that to go unaddressed.

THE COURT: Did they subsist in the negligence, that the panel expressly found that?

MR. HARVIN: I'm sorry, Your Honor?

THE COURT: That Smith Barney had negligently behaved and had violated its own compliance procedures?

MR. HARVIN: No, that argument -- that argument was raised in this part of the proceeding, but when you look at the compliance manual, the compliance manual specifically states that a review or a signature comparison is necessary with respect to those examples in which there was a change in ownership. And the example cited in the compliance manual, such as -- what was it? It was from a joint to a sole account.

It's completely opposite of what occurred here, because the -one of the joint members, a Mary Jones and a John Jones, if you
transferred it to John Jones, Mary Jones loses ownership. Here
it was from Mary Jones' IRA account to a joint account over
which she had signatory and control. And that was the policy
to which Ms. Mouser testified, and that is, there was no need
to do a signature comparison with a new account form because
there was not a change of ownership.

And I would also point out there was no evidence presented at the hearing that that was in any way different from the standard practice in the industry.

THE COURT: Well, a firm's own compliance standards do not create obligations to third parties. That's an internal operating procedure that is designed to make sure they don't have these kinds of problems. Walmart's operating procedures do not set the standard for slip and fall cases. Texas law does that. And is negligence even an issue in the -- if you pay a fraudulent check, you're liable, right?

MR. HARVIN: The lack of ordinary care is an issue potentially under 4.406 of the Commerce Code. If the customer gives adequate notice, then the bank pays for that check which was unauthorized within 30 days preceding that notice. However, if the plaintiff proves that there was a lack of ordinary care on behalf of the bank or Smith Barney, then 4.406 requires the fact finder to allocate proportional

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responsibility between the plaintiff's fault, if you will, and
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    the bank's fault.
             THE COURT: I quess I mostly had them immediately.
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             MR. HARVIN: I'm sorry, Your Honor?
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             THE COURT: I mostly had immediate objections, I
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    quess.
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             MR. HARVIN: Your Honor, we found -- the settlement
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    agreement, for the Court's reference, is Respondent's Exhibit
    38 at Docket No. 7.
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             THE COURT: Do you have it there?
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             MR. HARVIN: No, we do not.
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12
             THE COURT: Okay. All right. Let's take a ten-minute
13
    recess.
14
        (Recess from 10:58 a.m. to 11:08 a.m.)
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             THE COURT: Thank you. Be seated.
                  All right. Mr. Harvin, I'm going to deny your
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    motions for sanctions without prejudice. They probably ought
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    to be carried with the rest of the case about abusive tactics,
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    to the extent that the pleadings misstate the facts, that will
    bear both on whatever opportunities for post-judgment relief
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    there are and, of course, has some bearing on the merits of
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    this case, because if the case stated by one side is not
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    supported by the record, then that lends support to the other
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24
    side. But I'm going to throw it in the mix and proceed like
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          But Smith Barney having pointed out the inconsistencies
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and having procured the retraction of several has been useful. 1 2 We have the pending motion to append and I'm 3 going to address that just as soon as I can, which will be about a week. 4 5 Anything else, Mr. Sparks? 6 MR. SPARKS: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Harvin? 7 8 MR. HARVIN: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: Oh, one more, and that reference is not 9 right. We've now printed eight reams of stuff and didn't get 10 So, would -- since you're here, Mr. Harvin, would you 11 please favor us with a courtesy copy of the transcript other 12 than -- we have three transcripts. Is there more than that? 13 MR. HARVIN: No, that's all. 14 15 THE COURT: Those three. Okay. So, I have those 16 handy, but the --17 MR. SPARKS: I can easily provide the Court with a 18 copy of the property settlement agreement today, if you would 19 like me to do that, by fax. THE COURT: If you have a copy but --20 MR. SPARKS: I don't have one with me, but I can have 21 my office send one to you, Your Honor. I can file it. 22 THE COURT: No, don't file it. 23 24 MR. HARVIN: Judge, we just called our office to go back and have somebody pull it.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, either one of you can e-mail 1 2 it as an attachment to my case manager. I don't want to file 3 I want to be able to print it on my own machine myself without going into the record. There was some muttering by the 4 5 old clerk, not the young clerk, about that's the downside of electronic filing. No, it was just as hard to find them in the 6 7 file when you had paper files that were 8 inches thick and 8 perhaps misindexed by us, perhaps by you, and sometimes by all of us. And the advantages of electronic filing are phenomenal 9 for everybody, except you-all write docket entries even worse 10 than docket clerks did. Y'all capitalize them unnecessarily. 11 12 No all caps. Simplify them. The computer cuts it off after -you know, when you're looking for stuff, it truncates 13 especially like party names. If it says so-and-so doing 14 business as and all that, it shouldn't be in the caption 15 anyway, but it just keeps me from being easily able to see what 16 17 the rest of the parties are. So, help us, please. 18 All right. Thank you, counsel. 19 MR. HARVIN: Thank you. (Concluded at 11:26 a.m.) 20 21 I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the 22 23 record of proceedings in the above-entitled cause, to the best of my ability 24 Kathy L. Metzger Official Court Reporter